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1 Oral Presentation

Immunohistochemical Testing of IDH Mutation in Gliomas: Diagnostic, Prognostic and Predictive Impact

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- Abstract: Objective: To investigate the immunohistochemical expression of isocitrate dehydrogenase in tissue samples from patients with surgically managed gliomas. Material and Methods: Biopsies from 20 patients that underwent neurosurgery for brain tumors from January to June 2024 in Timişoara County Hospital, were formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded. In addition to the routine stain, the immunohistochemical technique with anti-IDH1 antibody (R132H) was used. Results: The routine stain
- 15 showed the predominant fibrillar pattern with variable cell densities, the inconstant presence of tumor
- 16 necrosis with palisading and microcirculation proliferations, orienting the diagnosis towards a high-grade 17 glioma, in the vast majority of astrocytic origin. 17 cases were diagnosed as glioblastoma G4 (12 wild-type;
- glioma, in the vast majority of astrocytic origin. 17 cases were diagnosed as glioblastoma G4 (12 wild-type;
 5 NOS, the latter because of progression / recurrence of a previously known high grade glioma). The gender
- distribution was M:F = 7:10, the most involved decade being the 7th (8 cases). The remaining cases were
- astrocytomas G3 and G4 respectively, IDH1 mutant and one case of oligodendroglioma G3, IDH1
- 21 mutant, pending for genetic testing for 1p/19q codeletion. The demographic parameters of these 3 cases
- were M:F = 1:2, each case being diagnosed in a different decade: 3^{rd} , 4^{th} and 7^{th} respectively. *Conclusions:*
- 22 were M.1 = 1.2, each case being diagnosed in a different decade. 5 , 4 and 7 respectively. Concensions.
 23 Patients with IDH1 mutant gliomas are much younger, respond better to chemotherapy with
- temozolomide and could benefit of an IDH1 R132H mutation-specific vaccine.
- 25 Keywords: IDH immunohistochemistry, gliomas, clinical impact



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